

Definition, Concept, Mathematical Formulation, Physical Interpretation, and Implications of the Obidi Curvature Invariant (OCI) of $\ln 2$ in the Theory of Entropicity (ToE)

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The **Obidi Curvature Invariant (OCI)** is $\ln 2$, representing the smallest physically meaningful curvature gap between two distinguishable configurations of the entropic field in the **Theory of Entropicity (ToE)**.

Definition and Concept

In the Theory of Entropicity (ToE), entropy is treated as a continuous physical field rather than a statistical measure. The Obidi Curvature Invariant (OCI) is a fundamental constant, $\ln 2$, which quantifies the minimal curvature difference required for two entropic configurations to be physically distinguishable. It functions as a "quantum of distinguishable curvature," analogous to how Planck's constant quantizes action in quantum mechanics. **3**

Mathematical Formulation

The OCI arises from information-geometric principles. Using metrics like the Fisher-Rao and Fubini-Study, Obidi defined a distinguishability potential on the entropic manifold. The first non-zero minimum of this potential corresponds to $\ln 2$, establishing a coordinate-independent curvature invariant. Distinguishability between two entropic configurations $\rho_A(x)$ and $\rho_B(x)$ is expressed via the relative entropic curvature functional: **2**

$$D(\rho_A || \rho_B) = \int \Omega \rho_A(x) \ln(\rho_A(x)/\rho_B(x)) dV$$

This functional measures the integrated curvature deformation needed to transform one configuration into another and is invariant under smooth coordinate transformations. **1**

Physical Interpretation

The OCI implies that the entropic field is discretely structured at its minimal scale. Two configurations are distinguishable only if their curvature differs by at least a factor of 2:1, corresponding to $\ln 2$ in natural logarithmic units. This establishes a binary structure of information in the universe, where the "bit" is a reflection of the minimal curvature ratio rather than a human convention. **2**

Implications

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1. Quantization of Curvature: The entropic field admits discrete curvature separations, with $\ln 2$ as the smallest unit. **1**
2. Universality: OCI appears in both classical and quantum limits, linking Fisher–Rao and Fubini–Study metrics. **1**
3. Thermodynamic Consistency: The Landauer bound $\Delta E = k_B T \ln 2$ emerges naturally from the entropic field dynamics, not as an independent postulate. **1**
4. Arrow of Time: The finite formation of curvature gaps implies that temporal directionality arises intrinsically from the dynamics of the entropic manifold. **1**

In summary, the Obidi Curvature Invariant is a foundational constant in ToE that quantizes the minimal distinguishable curvature of the entropic field, providing a geometric and physical basis for information, entropy, and the discrete structure of reality. **2**